

officials of the Treasury and the Department of Justice. He received assurances from Solicitor General Back of the Justice Department that a typical test case which might be argued upon would be carried promptly to the Supreme Court for adjudication.

Mr. Lord holds the view that the present situation makes the United States ridiculous. It was never the intention of Congress to be subjected to the vetoed act upon foreign ships.

The Treasury Order.

The Treasury Department issued the following statement:

"Secretary Mellon to-day directed the chief of the Division of Customs and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to give wide publicity to the following notice:

"The provisions of the national prohibition act are applicable to United States vessels leaving foreign ports after October 14 and to foreign vessels leaving ports after that date on coming within the territorial waters of the United States.

"All sales of beverage liquors on United States vessels anywhere and on foreign vessels within the territorial waters of the United States are unlawful after October 7. This notice does not apply to foreign vessels passing through the Panama Canal and not touching any other port under the jurisdiction of the United States.

"At the same time letters were addressed to the Secretary of State, Secretary of War and Secretary of the Navy, requiring their cooperation in the widest distribution of this notice to the United States and foreign shipping everywhere and fully advised of the content and purpose of the opinion of the Attorney-General.

"Foreign ships leaving their own ports up to and including October 14, 1922, and American ships leaving foreign ports up to and including the same date, leaving stocks of liquor on board will be permitted without interruption to make a continuous voyage into foreign ports for the disposition of such liquor even though they touch ports of the United States en route.

"The Division of Customs was directed to give notice to collectors of customs at all ports to receive, receipt for, label, store and return to all stocks of liquor voluntarily surrendered by American ships. It is the intention of the Secretary, however, to make the extension of time afforded by the President's directions applicable to all foreign and American shipping, and therefore any stocks of liquor surrendered voluntarily by such vessels prior to the expiration of the time afforded by the President's directions will be accepted and given the status of stocks leaving foreign ports prior to that date.

"All instructions contained in these regulations subject to the injunction effective until October 15, 1922, issued by United States District Judge Hand in the courts of the Southern District of New York, and the injunction issued by the same court in the Southern District of New York, nevertheless, as is usual, it will no doubt relate to the entire country."

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DRY AGENT JUST OUT OF JAIL ACCUSES FEDERAL OFFICIAL

George Judge Says an Assistant United States Attorney 'Tipped Him Off to Bootlegger' and Caused His Arrest in His Own Raid.

Ralph A. Day, district prohibition enforcement director, will investigate to-day the complaint of George Judge, a dry agent, that an Assistant United States Attorney in Brooklyn interfered with him early yesterday by 'tipping him off to a bootlegger.'

The case probably will go to William Hayward, United States Attorney.

Judge, who lives at 561 East Seventh street, Flatbush, was arrested in a raid on a bootlegger at Coney Island after he had fired a shot into the floor. He remained later in the day before Magistrate Dale in Flatbush court on a charge of felonious assault. Judge was released in \$2,500 until October 21.

Judge said he had entered the place to search for liquor. After purchasing two drinks, he asserted, the proprietor said: 'I'm on you. You're a dry agent and the United States Attorney standing there at the bar tipped me off.'

THEFT NETS \$100,000 GOVERNMENT LIQUOR

Hundred Barrels of Whisky Stolen From Pershing Bonded Warehouse.

One hundred barrels of whisky valued at \$100,000 were stolen early yesterday morning from the Pershing Bonded Warehouse, 58 Meserole street, Williamsburg, and hauled away on motor trucks.

The robbery was reported to John T. Rafferty, Internal Revenue Officer, by the storekeeper at the warehouse, who, when he arrived for work yesterday, found the entrance to the warehouse open. Heavy locks on the outside of the door had been cut with sharp clippers, as had locks throughout the interior of the building.

Fifteen men participated in the theft of the liquor, according to Joseph Roscheton of the staff of Prohibition Supervisor Lord, who investigated the robbery. Tracks were found on the roof of the four story warehouse. A trap door leading to the roof had been broken open, and it is believed by detectives that the thieves remained on the roof to watch for the approach of passersby.

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ARMY WON'T TELL OF HIS GRAB DEALS

Refuses Over and Over to Answer Federal Trade Board's Queries.

ON ADVICE OF COUNSEL

This Is His Reiterated Explanation From Stand at Chicago.

ONLY WITNESS TO BALK

Commission Says All Others Have Testified Freely—To Act on Refusal.

HUNGRY CREW PUTS ITS SKIPPER IN IRONS

Mate of the Freeman Says Capt. Farrell Swapped Away Their Food for Liquor.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD, Chicago, Oct. 13.—J. Ogden Armour, principal owner of the Armour Grain Company and head of the Armour Packing Company, refused to-day to reveal his operations in grain from July 15, 1920, to May 31, 1922. The refusal was when he was recalled as a witness before the Federal Trade Commission investigating speculation in grain.

Attired in a well fitting business suit of black and wearing a derby that seemed to be studded with care free indentations, Mr. Armour came flanked by a retinue of secretaries and attorneys. His usually florid countenance deepened a few shades as the commissioners made every effort to persuade him to tell of his grain deals.

He parried every question with the skill of a trained lawyer. He definitely declined to answer any questions regarding his wheat operations. His favorite answer was, "On advice of counsel."

Resolution Read to Him.

Mr. Armour was declared the only one of all the witnesses called by the commission in Washington, New York and Chicago who has refused requested information.

After Mr. Armour's first refusal to make known his deals to the commission, acting chairman, read a resolution urging all witnesses to cooperate in every way in the inquiry.

"Do you still refuse to give us this information?" asked Mr. Murdock. "Yes, I do," replied Mr. Armour.

"Thus far you are the only witness who has not provided us with all the information we have desired," said Mr. Murdock. "Do you wish to stand out alone?"

"Mr. Armour replied: "Well, do you still refuse?" countered Mr. Murdock, and Mr. Armour responded in the affirmative.

"Do you consider yourself paramount to the public?" asked John E. Nugent, a member of the commission.

Mr. Armour ignored the question, and said Mr. Murdock told him that it would be his duty to report back to the United States Senate that he refused.

"I have nothing to say to that," said Mr. Armour.

"Your refusal will be noted and action taken," said Mr. Murdock, as the witness was excused.

Interrogation Begins.

Mr. Armour was interrogated as follows by Commissioner Arnold earlier in the proceedings:

Q. Mr. Armour, will you furnish to the commission information of your purchases and sales from July 15, 1920, to May 31, 1922? A. I do not care to furnish them.

Q. On what grounds do you refuse? A. I don't know that I can give you the definite objection—it is on the advice of counsel.

Q. You know that in all cases where this information has been asked it has been furnished? A. No, I do not know.

Q. You understand, Mr. Armour, that this information is not to be used as your individual record, but is to be used as part of a sub-total for the commission to determine just what causes are influencing the grain market? A. Yes, I understand that.

Then Mr. Nugent took up the questioning.

Q. Are you aware, Mr. Armour, of the fact that the inquiry which is being prosecuted by the United States Senate is a resolution adopted by the United States Senate? A. I understand that.

Q. Are you familiar with this resolution? A. No, sir.

GREATEST BLIND POOL OPERATOR IN U. S. FAILS

F. M. Young Accuses Banks of Plotting His Ruin.

Concoited with the indictment here yesterday of Dr. Leonard K. Hirschberg and Winthrop Smith, partners in Winthrop Smith & Co., "blind" pool operators, who recently failed for \$1,000,000, came an announcement from Baltimore of the failure of F. M. Young, regarded as the largest "blind" pool operator in the country. So far as postal inspectors and other investigators are aware, Young is the last of the larger "blind" pool operators in the business.

Hirschberg, who is a physician and a widely known writer on hygienic subjects, and Smith were charged with using the mails to defraud. Their method is alleged to have been that of mailing out prospectuses to prospective customers offering profits as high as 100 per cent. upon money placed with the firm to be pooled with funds of other customers for stock market speculation at the absolute discretion of the firm.

Young announced yesterday that he had been "forced into bankruptcy." He declared he was a victim of "conspiracies and unheard of treatment" by Baltimore banks who, he said, together with the Hon. Henry B. Wilson, superintendent, had beset the New York Stock Exchange to bar him from trading.

Two Put on Trial in Hazing of Middies

Secret Inquiry Also Under Way at Annapolis.

ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 13.—Investigation of hazing at the Naval Academy assumed broader scope to-day when Rear Admiral H. H. Wilson, superintendent, announced that two members of the first class were under court martial for offenses against two "piebels" and another board was assembled investigating rumors of alleged hazing.

The midshipmen on trial are Stuart H. Hawkins, Massachusetts, and Bruce Robinson, Arizona. A third, Thomas J. H. Robinson, Massachusetts, is under arrest. All are senior classmen.

Admiral Wilson refused to name the two victims at the Naval Hospital. He declared that while the hazing, according to reports, was of a mild form, the offense was determined upon a thorough inquiry.

He reiterated his intention of denying the first class men the privilege of attending the Naval football game at Philadelphia October 28. The privilege had been extended to the entire student body.

The offense charged against Midshipman Hawkins is alleged to have been committed a few days ago while the student body was in the mess hall. Admiral Wilson declined to specify the offense. In the old days when hazing was an equivalent of a favorite practice was to compel a "piebel" to eat under the table.

Casey's connection with one of the alleged hazing incidents is said to be only that he was the senior midshipman at the table.

Robinson is alleged to have put a "piebel" through the physical exercise known as the "ironing" in one of the bedrooms of Bancroft Hall.

Lawson Sells Trophies Friday the Thirteenth

Sale Recalls Book of That Title He Wrote.

EST, Mass., Oct. 13.—Another "Friday the 13th" was added to-day to the many similar significant dates in the career of Thomas W. Lawson, financier and author of a book bearing that title, when his "Friday the 13th" was auctioned to retrieve Lawson's fallen fortunes. The sale was on Friday the 13th, at the express wish of the one time "money king."

Some of the superstitious were satisfied when Lawson's favorite riding crop was sold to an old friend of the financier for \$13.

During the sale two \$20 gold pieces and a \$20 bill were sold for one and a half dollars. No more hidden treasure was revealed.

It was estimated that about \$20,000 was realized.

'SHORT CLOTHES, FEW OF 'EM,' HER PLATFORM

Chicago Educator Thinks Long Skirts Not Widely Favored.

ATLANTA, Oct. 13.—Dr. Sadie Bay Adair, member of the Chicago Board of Education for the last five years, at the Ambassador Hotel to-day praised "short, loose clothes, and few of them" for the American girl. She gave as her opinion that long skirts will not be generally accepted. She likewise proclaimed the ability of girlhood to compete successfully in anything her brother does.

"Restrictions in regard to feminine activity are obsolete. The ungrounded fears of medical men were long ago dispelled," said Dr. Adair.

Reuben Police Hearing Postponed Once More

Patrolmen Assigned to Restaurant Fail to Appear.

Hearing of a charge of oppression preferred by Reuben, restaurant keeper, of 2770 Broadway, against Inspector James S. Bolan was adjourned again yesterday by Magistrate Overwager until November 9 because the patrolmen assigned to the restaurant after a liquor raid last summer failed to appear.

It developed that they had not been subpoenaed. Eugene F. McGee, counsel for Reuben, questioned Lieut. John Gilligan, John Whaley and Thomas Walsh in an effort to find out definitely who assigned the patrolmen after the raid, but none of them would admit responsibility.

Students Unconscious in College Battle

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—In a sophomore-freshman battle on the campus of the University of Pennsylvania early to-day six first year men were rendered unconscious and twenty-five were badly bruised and a hundred were ducked in the chill waters of the frog pond.

'RAL LABOR MUST FOREGO STRIKES'

Vice-President of Pennsylvania Calls It Only Way to Stabilization.

ISSUE IS WITH PUBLIC

Lee Wishes to See Return of High Ambition Among the Ranks.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 13 (Associated Press).—Railway labor must surrender the right to strike if the rail situation is to be stabilized and "the rights of the people to uninterrupted transportation service permanently secured," Elsie J. Lee, vice-president of the Pennsylvania lines, declared in an address to-night at the annual banquet of the American Mining Congress.

I am not prepared to say, at the present time, Mr. Lee said, "that we should go to the length of absolutely forbidding railroad strikes by specific statutes. Nor would I attempt otherwise to lay down any particular method by which acceptance of this basically correct principle may be brought about."